



NATIONAL REGENERATIVE AGRICULTURE, BIOFERTILIZER & SEED ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Agriculture is central to the Dominican Republic's food security, rural livelihoods, and economic stability. However, the rising cost of imported fertilizers, soil degradation, increasing disease pressure, and climatic stress have reduced crop productivity and stability across regions.

Geodyn BioCycle Dominicana proposes the development of a national-scale biofertilizer, microbial crop defense, and seed enhancement manufacturing system to restore soil fertility, increase yields, improve crop quality, and develop long-term agricultural resilience. The program is privately funded, requiring no government capital, but delivers nationwide public benefit through reduced input dependency and improved farmer profitability.





NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD SECURITY CONTEXT

Dominican agriculture supports both domestic consumption and export earnings:

- **Staple Foods:** Rice, plantain, cassava, corn
- **Export Crops:** Cacao, coffee, avocado, mango, tobacco
- **Agro-Industrial Crops:** Sugarcane, citrus, coconut
- **Vegetables & Greenhouse Crops:** Supplying local markets and hotels
- **Livestock & Aquaculture:** Dependent on imported feed and nutrient inputs

Ensuring the stability of these sectors is essential for:

- National food sovereignty
- Rural employment and income
- Balance of trade
- Public nutrition and consumer price stability



STRATEGIC CHALLENGE

Current agricultural performance is constrained by:



CHALLENGE

Dependence on imported chemical fertilizer

Soil organic matter decline

Spread of soil pathogens & nematodes

Limited seed vigor & variable crop quality

Climate extremes (drought, heat, salinity)

IMPACT

Exposure to global pricing shocks & currency pressure

Lower yields, increased water stress, weaker plant structure

Reduced productivity and crop loss

Lower export value and inconsistent market standards

Reduced resilience and increased production volatility

These conditions directly threaten food security, producer incomes, and national export competitiveness. Organic waste sorter + metal detection system (included)



NATIONAL RESPONSE STRATEGY

The proposed national response integrates four coordinated interventions:

1. Domestic manufacturing of biofertilizers and microbial crop inputs
2. Soil microbiome research and diagnostic mapping
3. Seed & plant culture enhancement to improve crop quality
4. Circular biomass utilization (seaweed, agricultural residues, biochar, BSF protein production)

This approach strengthens agricultural resilience, reduces external dependency, and supports stable farmer livelihoods.



GEODYN BIOCYCLE DOMINICANA INFRASTRUCTURE OVERVIEW

The Program establishes:

- A Central Manufacturing Megafactory for organic fertilizers, microbial inoculants, and biological crop defense formulations
- A National Soil Microbiome Diagnostic Laboratory
- A Seed Enhancement & Plant Culture Development Center
- A network of 12–16 regional biomass preprocessing nodes located near major crop production zones

This creates a national agricultural input supply backbone.



SEED & PLANT CULTURE ENHANCEMENT CENTER

The Seed & Plant Culture Center improves:

PLANT ATTRIBUTE	BENEFIT TO NATIONAL AGRICULTURE
<i>Germination Strength</i>	Improved stand establishment & reduced replanting cost
<i>Root System Expansion</i>	Increased nutrient & water absorption efficiency
<i>Aroma & Flavor Compound Expression</i>	Higher export market value
<i>Brix & Nutrient Density</i>	Improved nutritional quality & consumer preference
<i>Storage & Shelf-Life Stability</i>	Reduced post-harvest losses & increased revenue

THIS IS CRITICAL FOR NATIONAL COMPETITIVENESS IN:

- **CACAO**
- **COFFEE**
- **AVOCADO**
- **MANGO**
- **VEGETABLES**
- **RICE**
- **PLANTAIN**

NATIONAL SOIL MICROBIOME DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY

The laboratory will:

- Perform soil microbiome sequencing & diversity mapping
- Identify beneficial vs. pathogenic microbial balance
- Determine nutrient availability & carbon characteristics
- Design custom microbial formulas for specific crop–soil–climate combinations

This allows:

Precision agriculture at the microbiome level — increasing yield while reducing input waste.





CARBON CAPTURE & REVENUE FRAMEWORK

The program supports national climate objectives by generating:

CARBON SOURCE	CREDIT TYPE	BENEFIT
<i>Biochar soil sequestration</i>	Soil Carbon Credits	Long-term carbon storage
<i>Sargassum recovery</i>	Blue Carbon Credits	Reduction of ocean methane emissions
<i>Soil microbiome restoration</i>	Agricultural Carbon Credits	Scalable national carbon economy

This enables exportable carbon credit revenue to support rural investment.



LAND & REGIONAL DEPLOYMENT FOOTPRINT

COMPONENT	LOCATION STRATEGY
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<i>Central Hub</i>	To be designated by Government based on coastal logistics access and agricultural corridor integration
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<i>12–16 Satellite Nodes</i>	Placed in rice, plantain, cacao, livestock, and vegetable production regions
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<i>Farmer Training Sites</i>	Hosted through cooperatives and extension centers
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This ensures national accessibility and fair regional benefit distribution.



PRODUCTION CAPACITY & SUPPLY CHAIN FLOW MODEL

INPUTS: Sargassum seaweed, agricultural residues, biochar, microbial cultures

PROCESSING: Fermentation → Pelletizing → Formulation → Coating → Packaging

OUTPUTS: Organic fertilizers, microbial biostimulants, biological disease controls, seed treatment solutions

DISTRIBUTION: Through cooperatives, agrocenters, and provincial supply networks



PROVINCIAL & FARMER NETWORK INTEGRATION PLAN

- Collaboration with agricultural cooperatives and producer federations
- Farmer training programs through extension networks
- Demonstration fields to validate yield improvements
- Provincial-level rollout to ensure inclusive access

ECONOMIC IMPACT: JOB CREATION & RURAL EMPLOYMENT

IMPACT CATEGORY	ESTIMATED JOBS
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<i>Direct Facility Employment</i>	300–620
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<i>Satellite Node Operations</i>	200–450
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<i>Agronomy & Extension Support</i>	120–300
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<i>Total Rural Employment Impact</i>	1,200–3,100 jobs
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This supports rural income stabilization and migration reduction.

REGIONAL EXPORT COMPETITIVENESS POSITIONING

THIS PROGRAM POSITIONS THE DOMINICAN
REPUBLIC AS A REGIONAL EXPORTER OF:

- BIOFERTILIZERS
- MICROBIAL BIOSTIMULANTS
- SEED ENHANCEMENT TECHNOLOGIES
- BIOLOGICAL DISEASE MANAGEMENT INPUTS

TO:

- CARIBBEAN AGRICULTURAL MARKETS
- SOUTH AMERICA
- WEST AFRICA





FINANCIAL MODEL

(ROI + REVENUE STREAMS + PAYBACK)

Total Project Cost: USD \$45,000,000 (Private Capital)

Annual Revenue Potential: \$120M–\$362M

Net Profit: \$58M–\$118M+/year

ROI: 56%–82%

Payback: 2.4–3.6 years



IMPLEMENTATION PHASING

(24–36 Months)

PHASE	DURATION	ACTIVITIES
Planning & Approvals	3–6 MONTHS	Land coordination, permitting, MOUs
Construction & Installation	12–18 MONTHS	Central Hub + Node Network
Commissioning	3–6 MONTHS	Workforce training + production scaling
National Rollout	24–36 MONTHS	Cooperative deployment & provincial expansion





REQUEST FOR NATIONAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT PATHWAYS

This project is privately funded.

Requested government support consists of:

- Site identification and land zoning assistance
- Regulatory facilitation for industrial and laboratory operations
- Integration with national agricultural extension and cooperative networks
- Priority status designation as a National Food Security & Climate Resilience Initiative





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